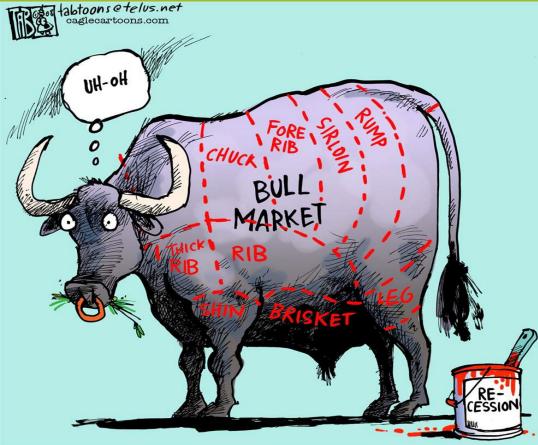
A BULL OR NOT A BULL. THAT IS THE QUESTION



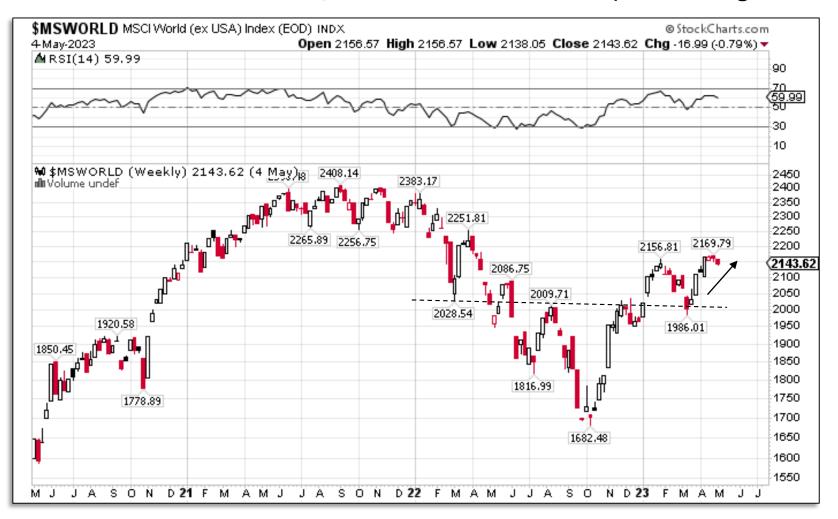
A confusing time for investors

- No clear picture on the market's direction
- Goldman Sachs believes a 25% market correction and recession is coming
- David Rosenburg thinks that a 20% correction is already dialed-in. He feels we are already in a recession.
- Deloitte Global economist suggests a 'soft landing' by 2024
- The Fed now expects a recession.

• Global markets nearing a break out.



• Global markets without the S&P 500 have broken out. Expected target is 2400.



 The US bond market has bottomed. Stocks and bonds move together. Bonds normally lead stocks.



• Bond prices and bond yield move in the opposite direction



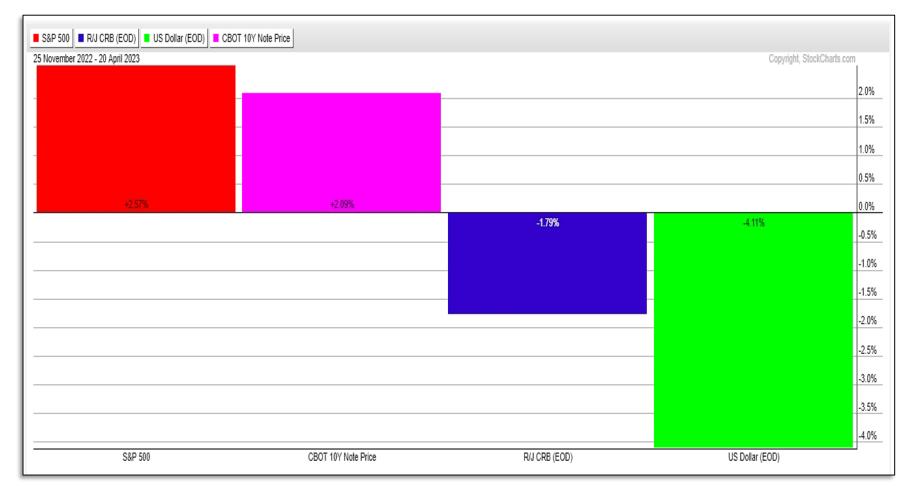
• The UST-bond yields are cresting. Yields and commodities trend together.



• Bond prices are starting to rise. Commodities are now trending down.



In an inflationary environment, stocks and bonds are positively correlated. The US
dollar and commodities are negatively correlated to stocks and bonds.



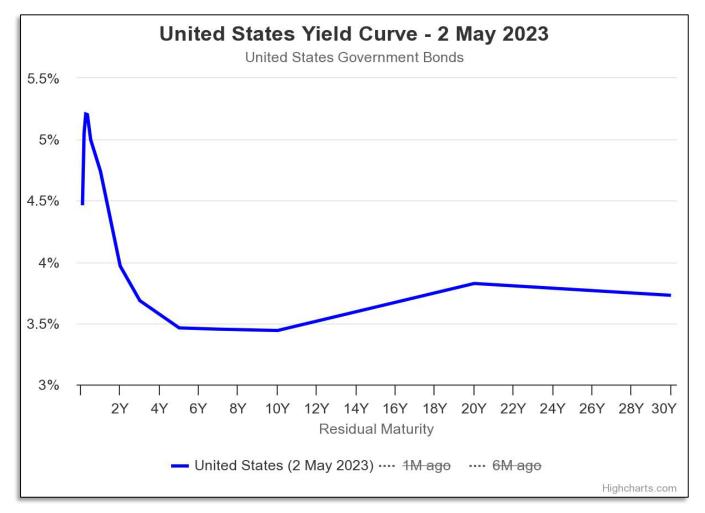
• In an inflationary environment, commodities (GTX) are showing slightly higher performance



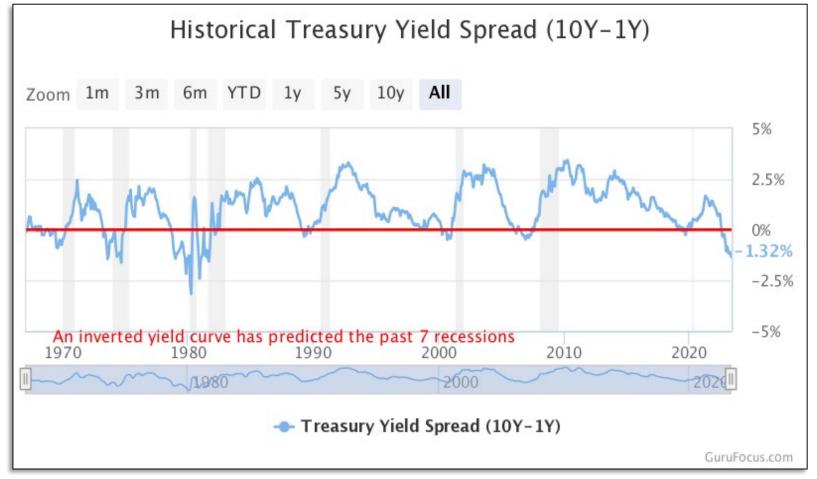
• The VIX is suggesting that volatility and market concerns are low.



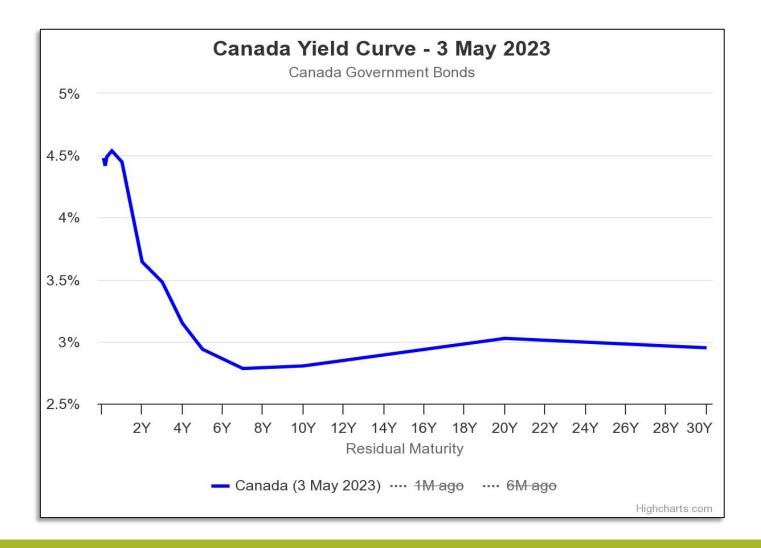
• US yield curve is inverted. It has been inverted for 40 weeks.



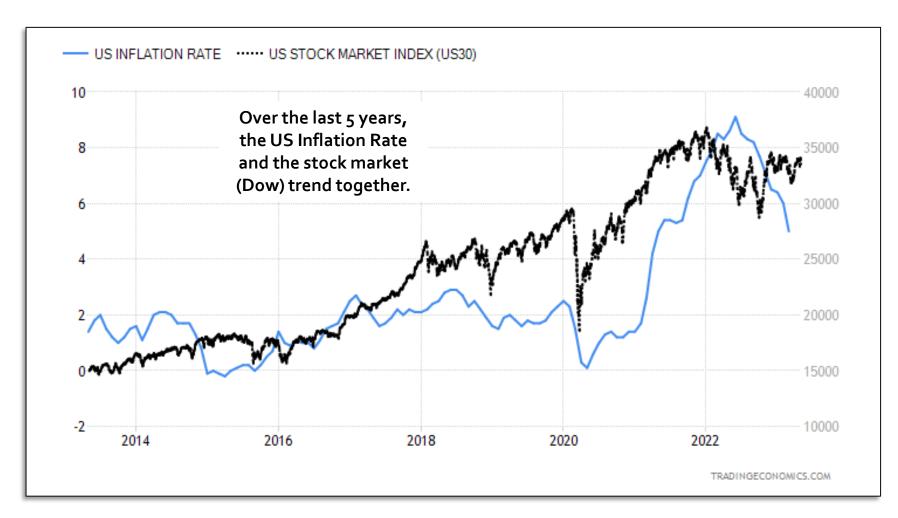
• Since the 1960s, every time the yield curve has inverted, there has been a recession and market correction. Our greatest concern.



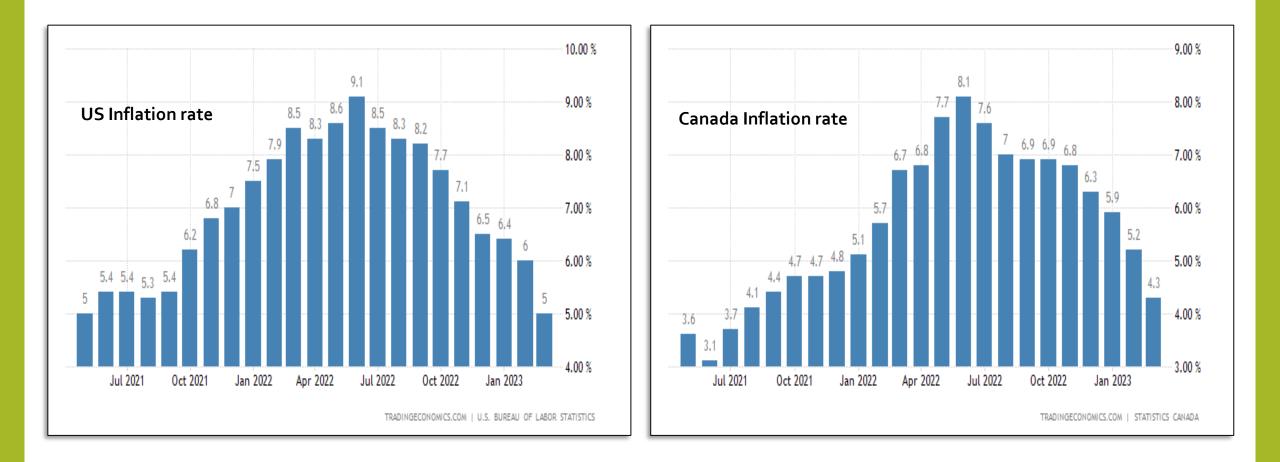
• Canada's yield curve is inverted. It has been inverted for 41 weeks.



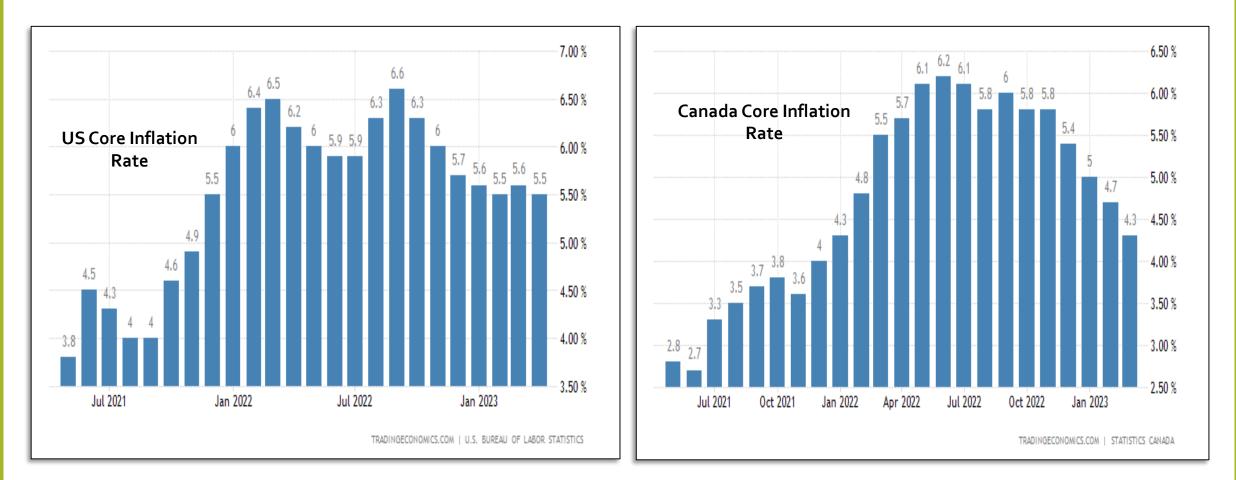
• Inflation is easing. Markets and the US Inflation Rate are positively correlated.



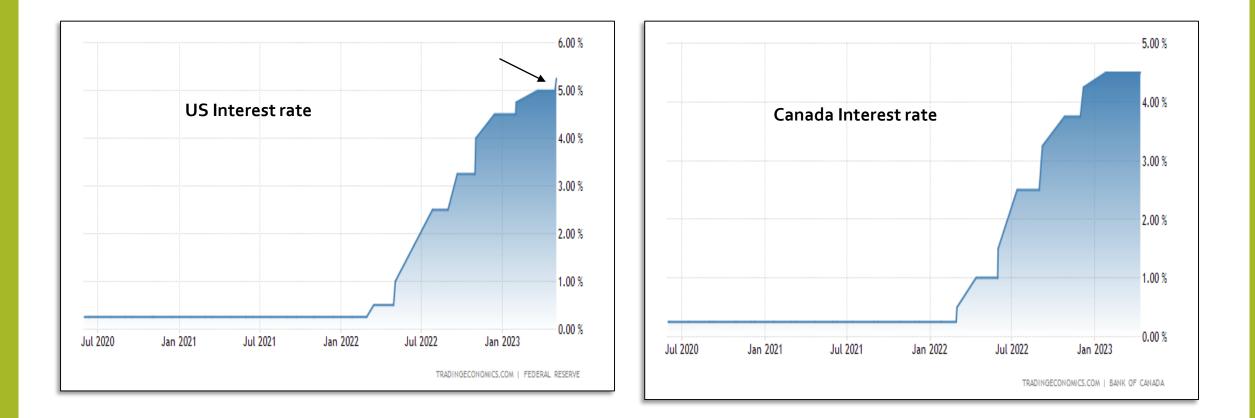
• Inflationary pressures soared in 2021, peaked in June 2022, now declining.



• Core Inflation Rates are slowly declining. Still higher than 2021 levels.



• Interest rates have not started to decline. No pivot yet.



• The S&P 500 has been mainly overvalued since 2016.



• The benchmark S&P 500 is still trending up.



• The TSX remains in a long term upward trend.



A bull or not a bull. That is the question

Weighing the evidence

1) Many economists are pointing to a recession. The challenge with economics is that for every indicator pointing in one direction there is another indicator pointing in the opposite diction.

2) Fundamentals (P/E ratio) for the S&P 500 is overvalued. The benchmark index has been mainly overvalued since 2016.

3) The US T-bond prices appear to be bottoming. Stocks and bond normally move together with bonds leading. The US bond market is \$51.3 trillion. The NYSE is \$22.8 trillion. The tail (stocks) does not wag the dog (bonds).

4) The inverted yield curve remains a concern. Since the 1960s, every inverted curve has created a recession and market correction. But not all recessions are the same in duration or depth.

5) Markets still remains in a long-term (14-year) upward trend. No signs of breaking out of that trend.

<u>A bull or not a bull. Our conclusion.</u> It all depends on the measures that are used

1) Inflation is declining. The rise interest rates are having the desired effect.

2) Q1 earnings were generally outperforming expectation. 77% were above 5y averages, 73% were above 10y averages.

3) Stock markets are continuing to advance with no signs of weakness.

We expect markets to continue advancing in Q3. S&P 500 target is 4,250, then 4,550. TSX target is 22,500

A bull or not a bull. That is the question

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